

TRANSMISSION-BASED PRECAUTIONS

All precautions listed should be used in addition to Standard Precautions in order to prevent infection transmission.

Standard Precautions: Perform hand hygiene before touching a resident, wear a gown and gloves if potential contact with blood or body fluids, add a mask or eye protection if chance of fluid spray.

CONTACT PRECAUTIONS

- Gown/gloves: Put on (don) at entry, remove (doff) at exit
- Hand hygiene (note C. diff/Norovirus exception below)
- Best practices: Use dedicated equipment, resident should be in a private room

CONTACT PRECAUTIONS ARE USED WHEN INFECTION CAN BE TRANSMITTED THROUGH TOUCH, SUCH AS WITH:

- Known or suspected infections (MRSA, VRE, CRE, ESBL)
- Draining wounds
- C. diff, Norovirus – Must wash hands with soap and water
 - Follow manufacturer's directions for bleach product (wipes or mixing) to clean surfaces

This material was prepared by Health Quality Innovators (HQI), a Quality Innovation Network-Quality Improvement Organization (QIN-QIO) under contract with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), an agency of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Views expressed in this material do not necessarily reflect the official views or policy of CMS or HHS, and any reference to a specific product or entity herein does not constitute endorsement of that product or entity by CMS or HHS. 1250W/HQI/QIN-QIO-0365-11/30/22

TRANSMISSION-BASED PRECAUTIONS

All precautions listed should be used in addition to Standard Precautions in order to prevent infection transmission.

Standard Precautions: Perform hand hygiene before touching a resident, wear a gown and gloves if potential contact with blood or body fluids, add a mask or eye protection if chance of fluid spray.

CONTACT PRECAUTIONS

- Gown/gloves: Put on (don) at entry, remove (doff) at exit
- Hand hygiene (note C. diff/Norovirus exception below)
- Best practices: Use dedicated equipment, resident should be in a private room

CONTACT PRECAUTIONS ARE USED WHEN INFECTION CAN BE TRANSMITTED THROUGH TOUCH, SUCH AS WITH:

- Known or suspected infections (MRSA, VRE, CRE, ESBL)
- Draining wounds
- C. diff, Norovirus – Must wash hands with soap and water
 - Follow manufacturer's directions for bleach product (wipes or mixing) to clean surfaces

This material was prepared by Health Quality Innovators (HQI), a Quality Innovation Network-Quality Improvement Organization (QIN-QIO) under contract with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), an agency of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Views expressed in this material do not necessarily reflect the official views or policy of CMS or HHS, and any reference to a specific product or entity herein does not constitute endorsement of that product or entity by CMS or HHS. 1250W/HQI/QIN-QIO-0365-11/30/22

TRANSMISSION-BASED PRECAUTIONS

All precautions listed should be used in addition to Standard Precautions in order to prevent infection transmission.

Standard Precautions: Perform hand hygiene before touching a resident, wear a gown and gloves if potential contact with blood or body fluids, add a mask or eye protection if chance of fluid spray.

CONTACT PRECAUTIONS

- Gown/gloves: Put on (don) at entry, remove (doff) at exit
- Hand hygiene (note C. diff/Norovirus exception below)
- Best practices: Use dedicated equipment, resident should be in a private room

CONTACT PRECAUTIONS ARE USED WHEN INFECTION CAN BE TRANSMITTED THROUGH TOUCH, SUCH AS WITH:

- Known or suspected infections (MRSA, VRE, CRE, ESBL)
- Draining wounds
- C. diff, Norovirus – Must wash hands with soap and water
 - Follow manufacturer's directions for bleach product (wipes or mixing) to clean surfaces

This material was prepared by Health Quality Innovators (HQI), a Quality Innovation Network-Quality Improvement Organization (QIN-QIO) under contract with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), an agency of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS). Views expressed in this material do not necessarily reflect the official views or policy of CMS or HHS, and any reference to a specific product or entity herein does not constitute endorsement of that product or entity by CMS or HHS. 1250W/HQI/QIN-QIO-0365-11/30/22

ENHANCED BARRIER PRECAUTIONS

- Gown/gloves: don at entry, doff at exit
- Hand hygiene if performing any hands-on care (multiple personal hygiene activities, transferring, changing linens)

Enhanced barrier precautions are used when caring for residents with wounds and/or indwelling medical devices regardless of if they have an infection or not.

DROPLET PRECAUTIONS

- Procedure mask: don at entry, doff at exit
- Hand hygiene
- If resident has to leave the room, put a procedure mask on the patient
- Best practice: Use dedicated equipment, resident should be in a private room

Droplet precautions are used when caring for residents with influenza or pertussis.

AIRBORNE PRECAUTIONS

- Donning order: Gown, mask (N95), face shield/goggles, gloves
- Doffing order: Gloves (then hand hygiene), face shield/goggles, gown, mask (N95), hand hygiene again!
- Best practice: Use dedicated equipment, negative pressure room optimal but follow current CDC guidelines

Illnesses that require airborne precautions include TB, suspected measles, chicken pox or COVID-19.



Isolation Precautions Guideline | CDC



ENHANCED BARRIER PRECAUTIONS

- Gown/gloves: don at entry, doff at exit
- Hand hygiene if performing any hands-on care (multiple personal hygiene activities, transferring, changing linens)

Enhanced barrier precautions are used when caring for residents with wounds and/or indwelling medical devices regardless of if they have an infection or not.

DROPLET PRECAUTIONS

- Procedure mask: don at entry, doff at exit
- Hand hygiene
- If resident has to leave the room, put a procedure mask on the patient
- Best practice: Use dedicated equipment, resident should be in a private room

Droplet precautions are used when caring for residents with influenza or pertussis.

AIRBORNE PRECAUTIONS

- Donning order: Gown, mask (N95), face shield/goggles, gloves
- Doffing order: Gloves (then hand hygiene), face shield/goggles, gown, mask (N95), hand hygiene again!
- Best practice: Use dedicated equipment, negative pressure room optimal but follow current CDC guidelines

Illnesses that require airborne precautions include TB, suspected measles, chicken pox or COVID-19.



Isolation Precautions Guideline | CDC



ENHANCED BARRIER PRECAUTIONS

- Gown/gloves: don at entry, doff at exit
- Hand hygiene if performing any hands-on care (multiple personal hygiene activities, transferring, changing linens)

Enhanced barrier precautions are used when caring for residents with wounds and/or indwelling medical devices regardless of if they have an infection or not.

DROPLET PRECAUTIONS

- Procedure mask: don at entry, doff at exit
- Hand hygiene
- If resident has to leave the room, put a procedure mask on the patient
- Best practice: Use dedicated equipment, resident should be in a private room

Droplet precautions are used when caring for residents with influenza or pertussis.

AIRBORNE PRECAUTIONS

- Donning order: Gown, mask (N95), face shield/goggles, gloves
- Doffing order: Gloves (then hand hygiene), face shield/goggles, gown, mask (N95), hand hygiene again!
- Best practice: Use dedicated equipment, negative pressure room optimal but follow current CDC guidelines

Illnesses that require airborne precautions include TB, suspected measles, chicken pox or COVID-19.



Isolation Precautions Guideline | CDC

