ATHETER (PICC)	A Peripherally Inserted Central Catheter (PICC) is a central venous access device inserted into a vein (usually basilic or brachial) on the inside of the upper arm to provide infusion therapy. Insertion is done by an experienced provider with ultrasound guidance.	C)	A Peripherally Inserted Central Catheter (PICC) is a central venous access device inserted into a vein (usually basilic or brachial) on the inside of the upper arm to provide infusion therapy. Insertion is done by an experienced provider with ultrasound guidance.
	PICC LINE USE	ŬŪ	PICC LINE USE
	 Use a PICC or midline catheter (MC) instead of a peripheral intravenous (PIV) catheter when the duration of IV therapy will likely exceed six days Assess daily whether a PICC line is needed 	HETER (P	 Use a PICC or midline catheter (MC) instead of a peripheral intravenous (PIV) catheter when the duration of IV therapy will likely exceed six days Assess daily whether a PICC line is needed
	CARE AND MAINTENANCE	ATF	CARE AND MAINTENANCE
TRAL C/	 Wash hands prior to providing any care or maintenance Evaluate the catheter insertion site daily Document findings 	TRAL C/	 Wash hands prior to providing any care or maintenance Evaluate the catheter insertion site daily Document findings
Б	DRESSINGS	Z U	DRESSINGS
HERALLY INSERTED CI		HERALLY INSERTED CE	• Change transparent dressing at least every 7
HERALLY INSERTED	 Change transparent dressing at least every 7 days, when it becomes soiled or loose, and per protocol Skin should be cleaned at every dressing change with an alcohol-chlorhexidine cleanser per manufacturer's instructions Measure the PICC at each dressing change from the same point as documented at insertion to ensure the catheter remains in its original position Label dressing with date and time of dressing change, and initials of staff performing change Document the procedure 	HERALLY INSERTED	 days, when it becomes soiled or loose, and per protocol Skin should be cleaned at every dressing change with an alcohol-chlorhexidine cleanser per manufacturer's instructions Measure the PICC at each dressing change from the same point as documented at insertion to ensure the catheter remains in its original position Label dressing with date and time of dressing change, and initials of staff performing change Document the procedure

PERIPHERALLY INSERTED C	ENTRAL CATH	HETER (PIC	C)
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FLUSHING AND USE



FLUSHING AND USE

· Flushing is necessary to maintain patency of the PICC Flush PICCs before and after each use, and weekly (PICC) when not in use Check position, reflux, catheter status and insertion point each time PICC is accessed · Clean needle free caps/hubs with 70% alcohol or CATHETER alcohol-based CHG swab pads with every port access following manufacturers' instruction Flush with push-pause technique – pause briefly after each mL of fluid · Never flush under resistance · Stop any infusion and notify practitioner if the patient develops warmth, tenderness, erythema, CENTRAL discomfort or a malfunctioning catheter • Change IV tubing every 4 days (96 hours) when PICC is in use Label tubing with the date, time and initials of staff replacing tubing Caps used as passive disinfection should be replaced every time a port is accessed When infusion is continuous, needleless connector INSERTE tubing should be changed every 4 days (96 hours) Needleless connectors should be changed as soon as possible when soiled or compromised Guidelines for the Prevention of Intravascular Catheter-Related Infections | CDC PHERALLY Peripherally Inserted Central Catheter (PICC) Line | Mayo Clinic • • Peripherally Inserted Central Catheters • (PICCs): The Safe Use | VascuFirst ш

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	Group and the second of Intravascular Catheter-Related Guidelines for the Prevention of Intravascular Catheter-Related Infections CDC
ЧЕКАГ	Peripherally Inserted Central Catheter (PICC) Line Mayo Clinic
PERIPI	Peripherally Inserted Central Catheters

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